

Reminder of the Excluded Volume Effects at the Chemical Freeze-out

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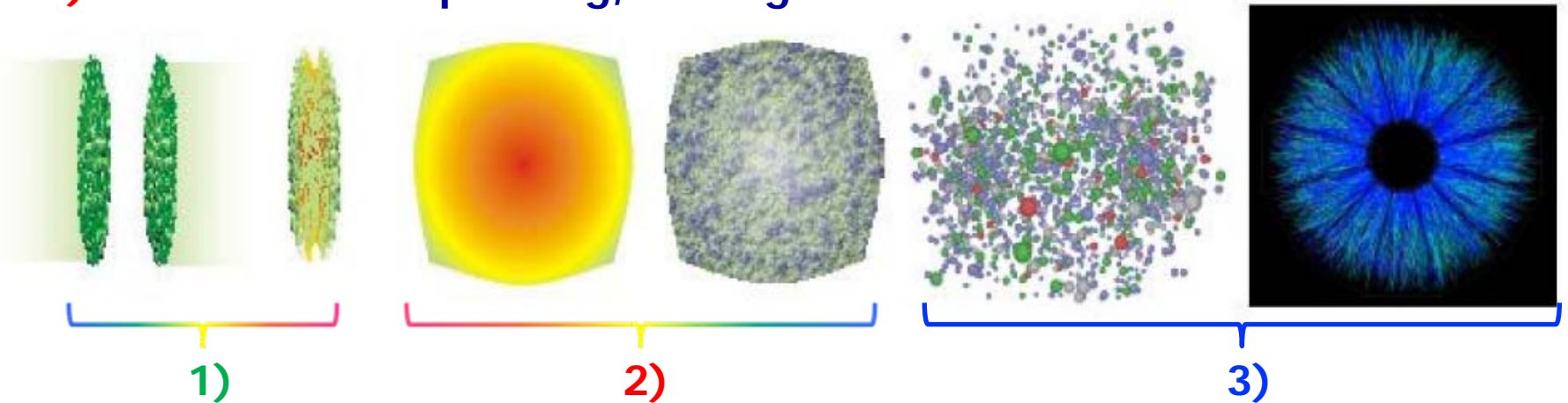
In collaboration with M. Gazdzicki, and M.I. Gorenstein

Motivation

Each high energy heavy ion collision pass three main stages:

1) **initial**: individual collisions merge and form a new state of matter, probably **Quark Gluon Plasma**

2) **intermediate**: expanding, cooling and hadronization

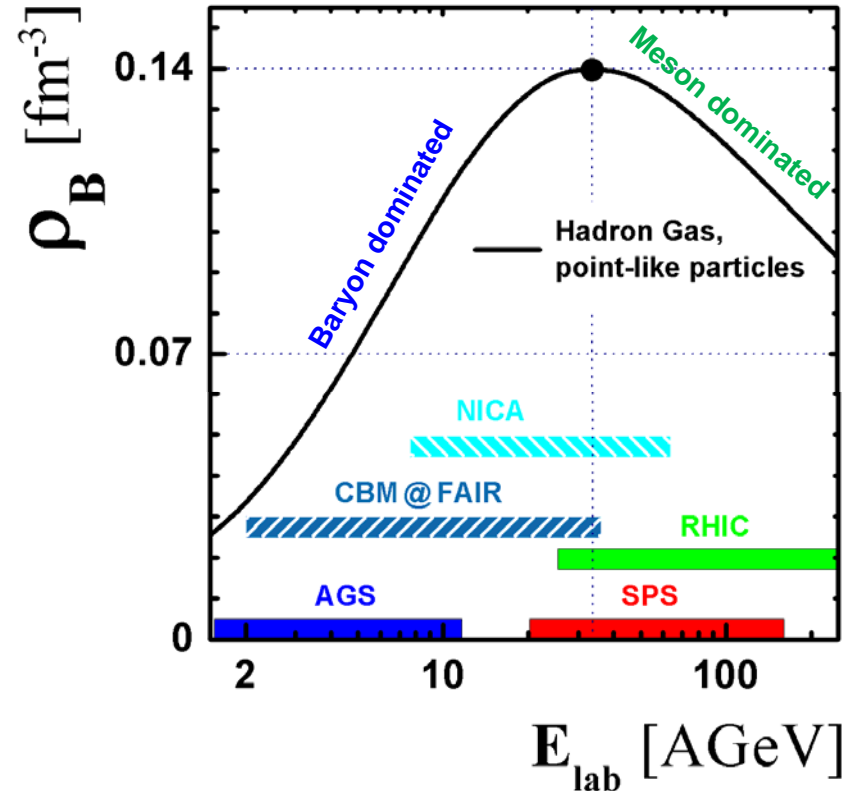
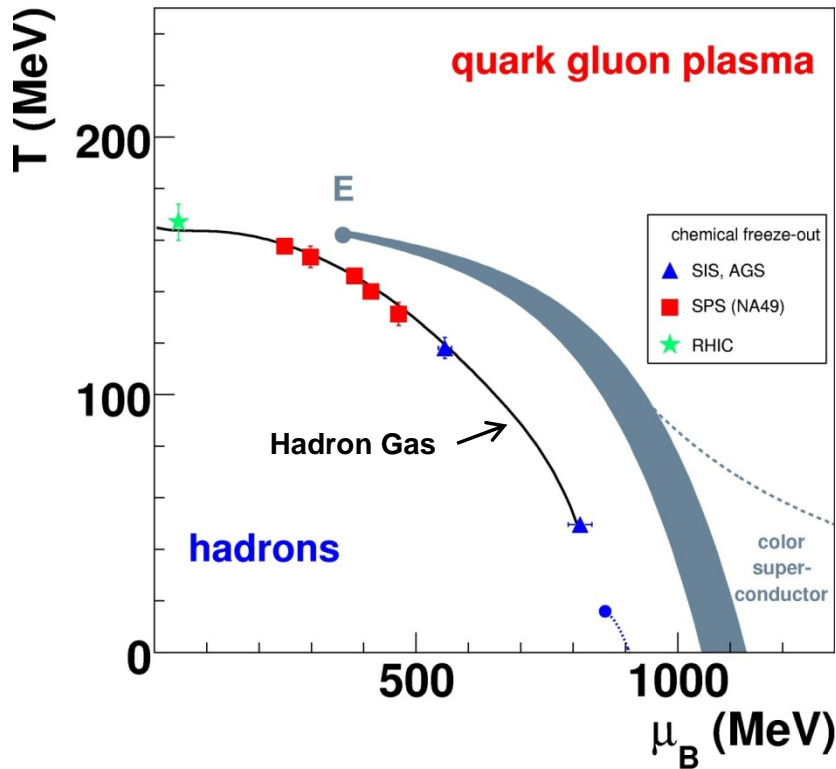


3) **final**: particle composition and moments “freeze”, free particles fly to detectors

We take into account **proper volume** of particles in the **Hadron Gas** model of the **final stage** for more realistic estimation of the achieved densities

Motivation

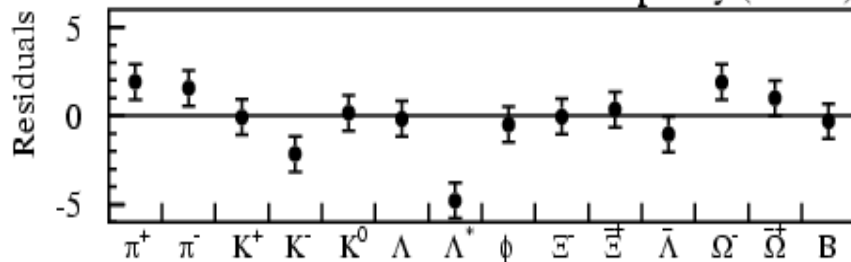
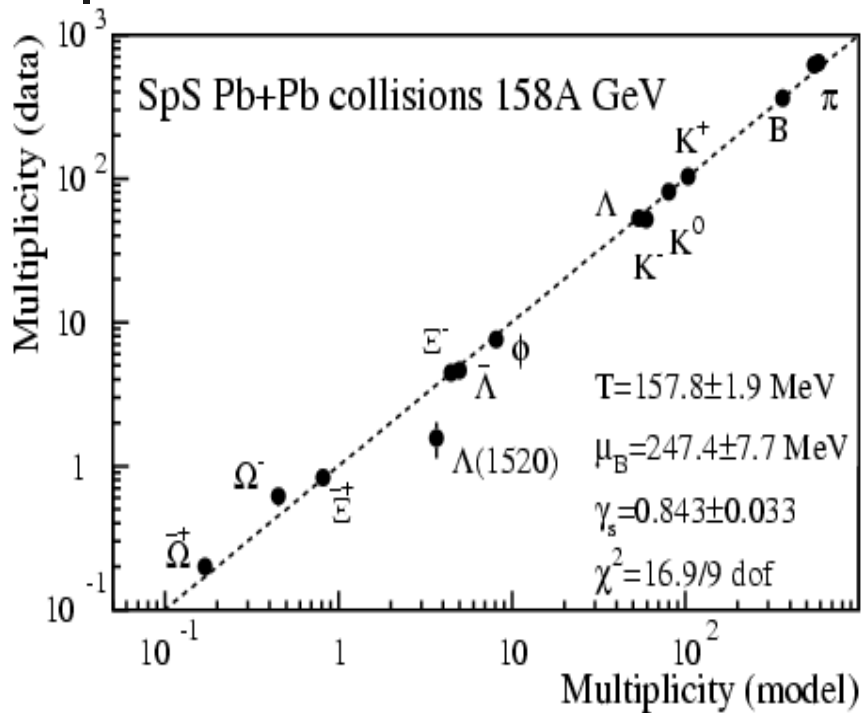
Hadron Gas model allows to connect the results of different experiments by the Freeze-out line $T(\mu_B)$



The maximum in baryon density and the exact point of the transition from baryon to meson domination may depend on excluded volume

New accelerators are constructed to study Compressed Baryonic Matter

Hadron Gas model



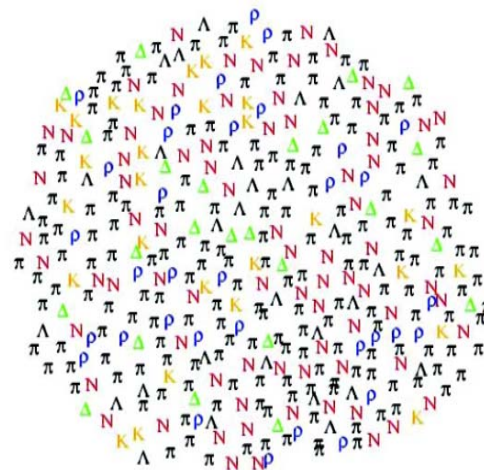
Becattini, Gazdzicki, Keranen,
Manninen, Stock, PRC 2004

$$\langle N_i \rangle \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{p}} \langle n_{\mathbf{p},i} \rangle \simeq \frac{g_i V}{2\pi^2} \int_0^\infty p^2 dp \langle n_{\mathbf{p},i} \rangle,$$

$$\langle N^+ \rangle = \sum_{i, q_i > 0} \langle N_i \rangle,$$

$$\langle n_{\mathbf{p},i} \rangle = \frac{1}{\exp \left[\left(\sqrt{p^2 + m_i^2} - \mu_i \right) / T \right] - \gamma_i},$$

$$\mu_i = q_i \mu_Q + b_i \mu_B + s_i \mu_S,$$



$$Q/B = 0.4 \Rightarrow \mu_Q(T, \mu_B)$$

$$S = 0 \Rightarrow \mu_S(T, \mu_B)$$

Excluded Volume Effects, Density

$$V = \sum_i v_i \cdot N_i$$

Particle volume

$$v_i = 4 \cdot \frac{4}{3} \pi r_i^3$$

Density

$$n_i = \frac{n_i^{\text{id}}(T, \tilde{\mu}_i)}{1 + \sum_i v_i n_i^{\text{id}}(T, \tilde{\mu}_i)}$$

Chemical potential

$$\tilde{\mu}_i = \mu_i - v_i p$$

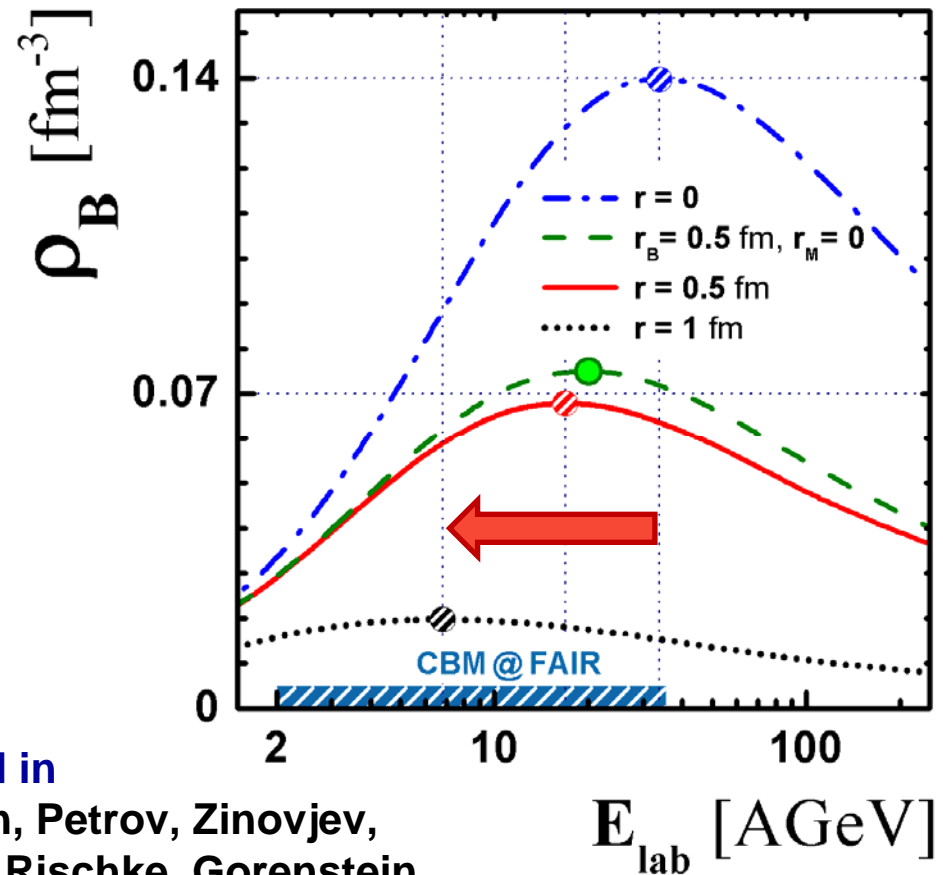
Pressure

$$p = \sum_i p_i^{\text{id}}(T, \tilde{\mu}_i)$$

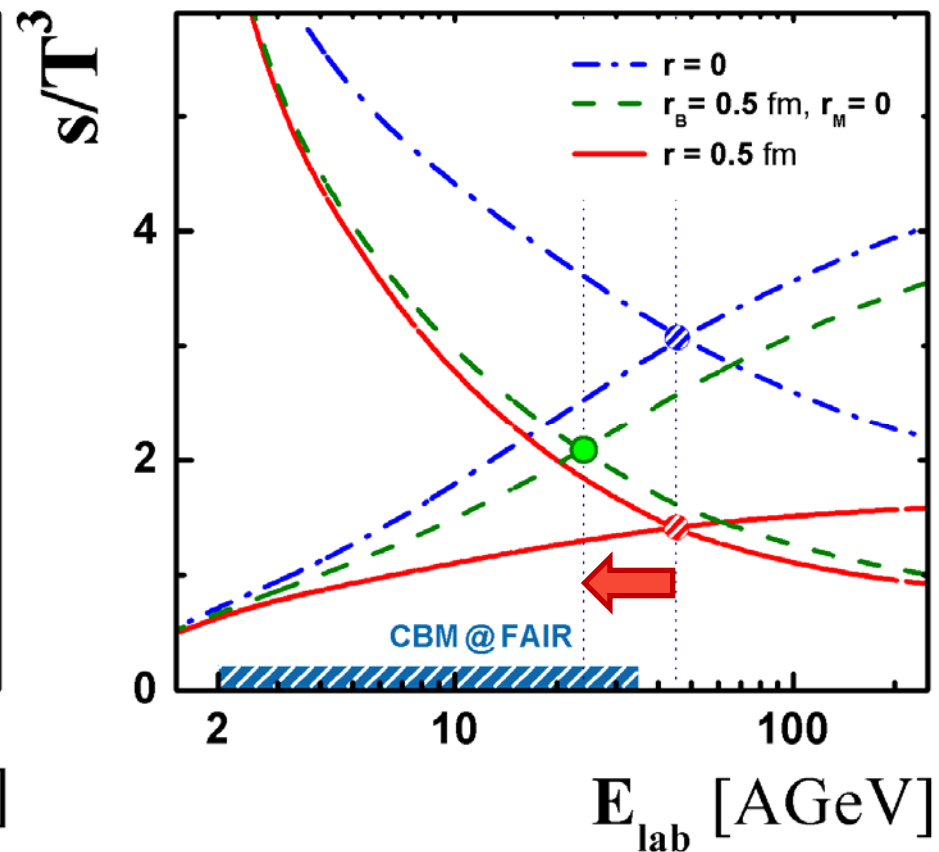
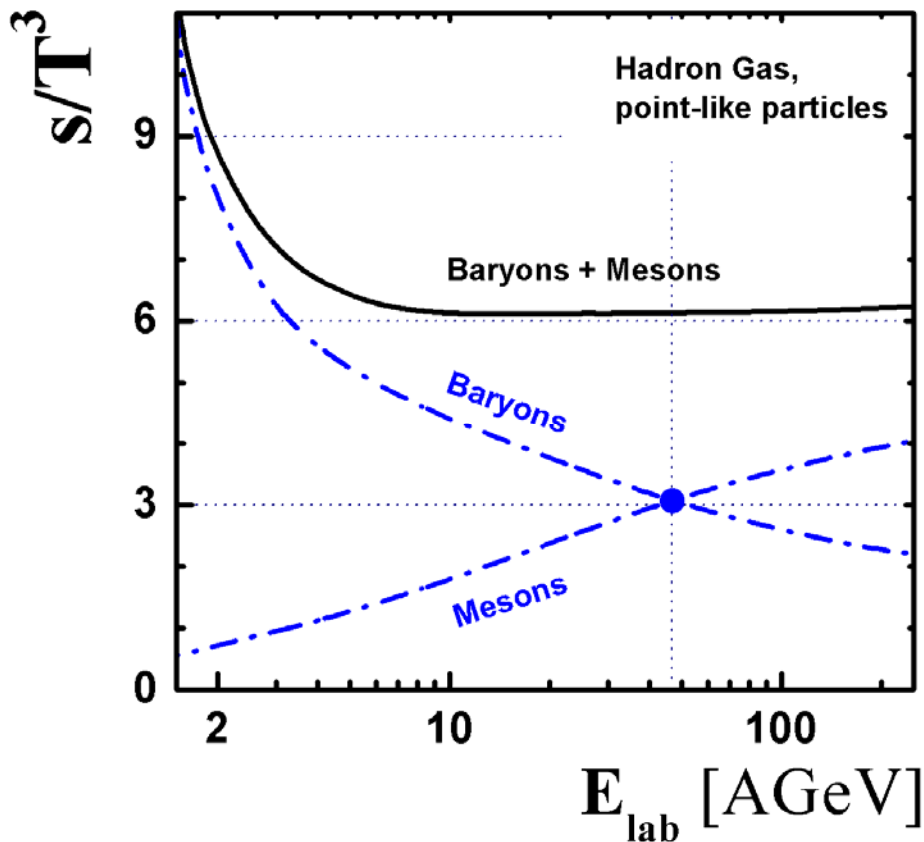
Introduced in

Gorenstein, Petrov, Zinovjev,
PLB 1981; Rischke, Gorenstein,
Stocker, Greiner, ZPC 1991

Implemented in **THERMUS**: Wheaton, Cleymans,
Comput. Phys. 2009 [hep-ph/0407174]



Excluded Volume Effects, Entropy



The transition point of baryon/meson domination moves to lower energies only for different meson and baryon radiuses



Conclusions:

- **Excluded Volume** effects lead to **smaller** particle number and entropy **densities**
- The position of the density **maximum** moves to **lower energies**
- The **transition point** from baryon to meson domination lies at **higher energies** than **density maximum**
- The transition point **moves to lower energies** only for **different meson and baryon radiuses** in the system

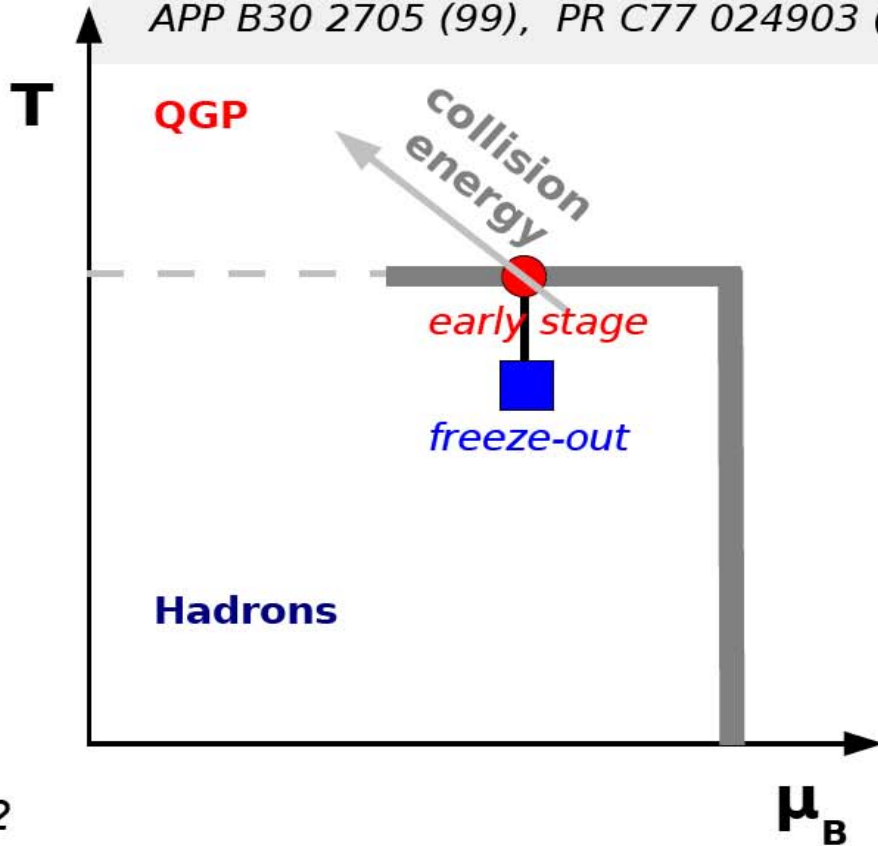


Extra Slides

● Onset of deconfinement:
NA49 evidence in single
particle yields and spectra

Onset of Deconfinement:
early stage hits transition line,
observed signals: kink, horn, step

Predictions SMES: Results:
 APP B30 2705 (99), PR C77 024903 (08)

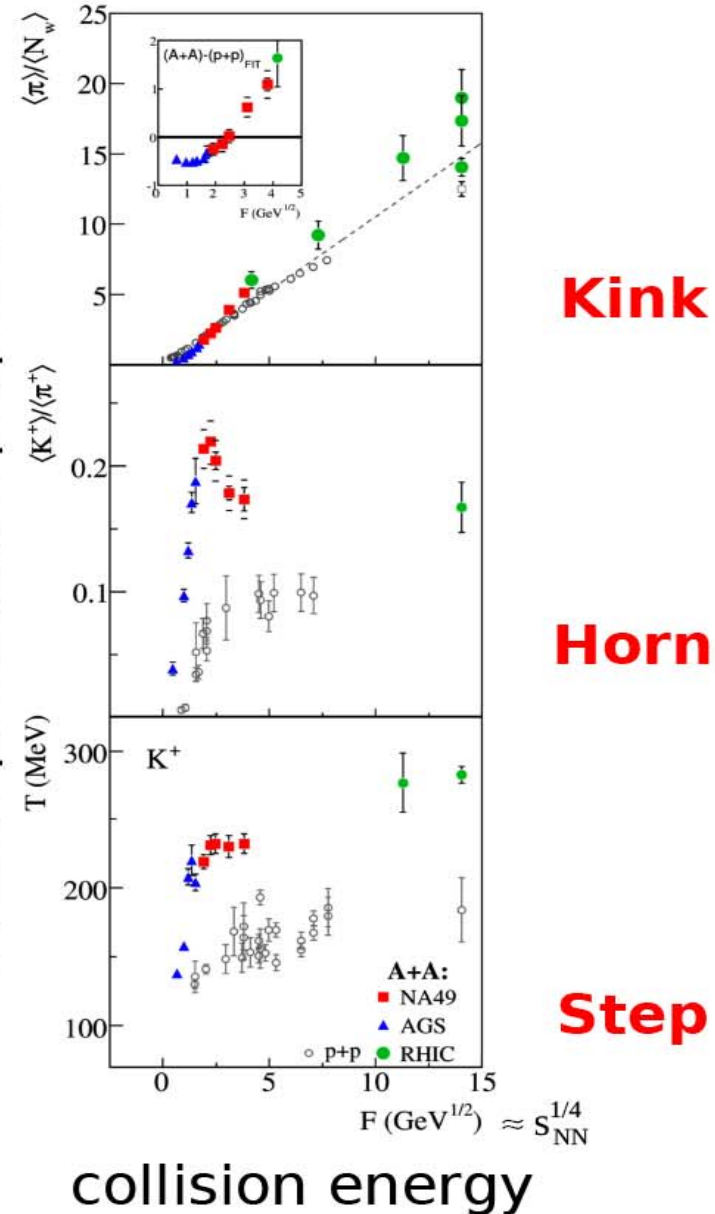


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slide from M. Gazdzicki talk at QM 2011

AGS SPS RHIC ..LHC

hadron production properties



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