

# Standard Model Three-loop Beta-functions

Gauge couplings. Yukawa couplings. Higgs self-interaction.

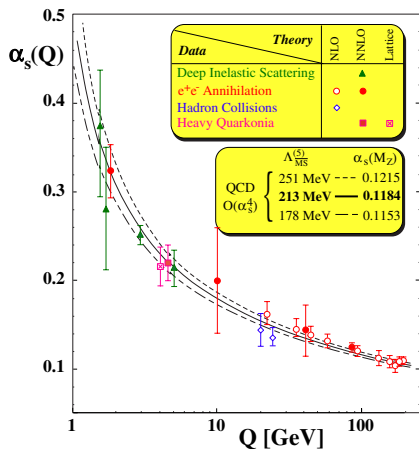
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in collaboration with: A. Bednyakov and V. Velizhanin

BLTP, JINR

Erice, 2013

# Running couplings in the Standard Model



- Parameters from experiment at scale  $\mu_0$
- Matching to  $\overline{MS}$
- Evolution from  $\mu_0$  to  $\mu$  using  $\beta_{\alpha_s} = \frac{d\alpha_s(\mu)}{d\log(\mu)}$
- Obtain same at  $\mu$
- Compare, tune parameters, repeat

Scales available at experiment

Figure : Famous running coupling

# Running couplings in the Standard Model

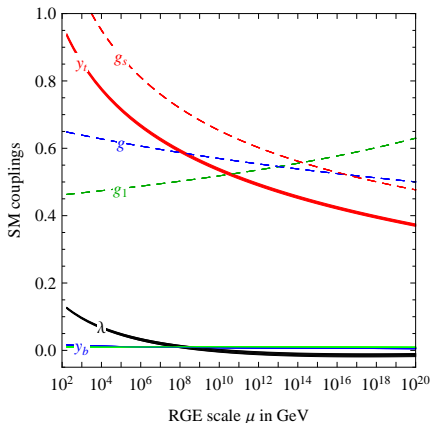


Figure : SM running couplings

- Parameters from experiment at scale  $\mu_0$  still available
- Matching to  $\overline{\text{MS}}$ , **precise  $m_t$  and  $m_H$  needed for  $y_t$  and  $\lambda$**
- Evolution from  $\mu_0$  to  $\mu$  using  $\beta_i = \frac{dg_i(\mu)}{d\log(\mu)}$   
 $g_i = g_1, g_2, g_s, y_t, y_b, y_\tau, \lambda$
- Evolution up to scale  $\mu$ , but all equations are coupled  
 $\beta = \beta(g_1, g_2, g_s, y_t, y_b, y_\tau, \lambda)$
- For extrapolation we need to extend all  $\beta$  in full model from 2-loops to 3-loops

# Motivation

## 1. Is the Standard Model still valid up to a Planck scale?

- At the scale  $\Lambda \sim 10^{18} \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\Lambda \gg \mu_0$  effective potential may be approximated:

$$V_{eff} \approx \lambda(\Lambda)\Phi^4 + O(\lambda^2(\Lambda), g_i^2(\Lambda))$$

- Vacuum stable if  $V_{eff} > 0$  from  $\mu_0$  upto  $\Lambda$
- Equal to precise determination of  $\lambda(\Lambda)$  sign at  $\Lambda$ -scale
- Minimal stability bound  $129 \pm 3$  GeV is very close to  $m_H$

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## 2. Calculations in full theory analytically w/o additional assumptions

- Computational methods testing
- $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -scheme is used
- all fields are massless

# Available results for beta-functions

## ■ 4-loop QCD

T. van Ritbergen, J.A.M. Vermaseren, and S.A. Larin. In: *Phys.Lett.* B400 (1997)

## ■ 2-loop Standard Model

H. Arason, D.J. Castano, B. Keszthelyi, S. Mikaelian, E.J. Piard, et al. In: *Phys.Rev.* D46 (1992) Ming-xing Luo and Yong Xiao. In: *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 90 (2003) C. Ford, I. Jack, and D.R.T. Jones. In: *Nucl.Phys.* B387 (1992)

## ■ 3-loop SM gauge couplings

Luminita N. Mihaila, Jens Salomon, and Matthias Steinhauser. In: *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 108 (2012)

## ■ 3-loop $\alpha_s + y_t + \lambda$

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## Full SM results, this work

$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_s$

A.V. Bednyakov, A.F. Pikelner, and V.N. Velizhanin. In: *JHEP* 1301 (2013)

$y_t, y_b, y_\tau$

A.V. Bednyakov, A.F. Pikelner, and V.N. Velizhanin. In: *Phys.Lett.* B722 (2013)

$\lambda, \mu$

A.V. Bednyakov, A.F. Pikelner, and V.N. Velizhanin. In: *arXiv:1303.4364 [hep-ph]* (2013)

# Main ingredients

## 1. **Complicated Feynman rules**

- Many fields and couplings
- A lot of parameters in model

**Solution:** LanHEP + unbroken model



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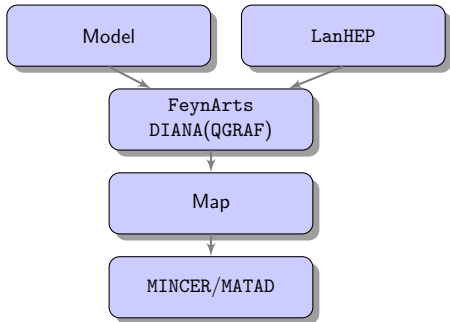
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- From 10k to 10000k diagrams
- Permutations of legs

**Solution:** FeynArts/Diana(QGRAF)



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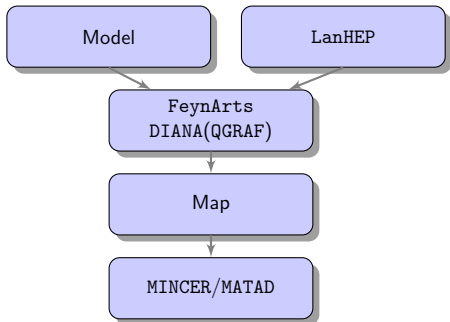
- From 10k to 10000k diagrams
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**Solution:** FeynArts/Diana(QGRAF)

## 3. Complicated loop integrals

- 2,3,4-point diagrams
- Spurious IR-poles

**Solution:** MINCER+IRR, Massive bubbles



# Gauge couplings. Background Field Method

SM in Background Field gauge

$$\mathcal{L}_C(\hat{V}) \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_C(\hat{V} + V), \quad \sqrt{Z_{\hat{V}_i} Z_{g_i}} = 1$$
$$\hat{V}_i = (\hat{B}, \hat{W}, \hat{G}), \quad g_i = (g_1, g_2, g_s)$$

## Advantages:

- Less gauge fixing parameters
- only 2-point functions needed: MINCER

## Disadvantages:

- 2xN fields
- Complicated feynman rules

We implemented SM in BGF formalism in LanHEP from: [Ansgar Denner,](#)

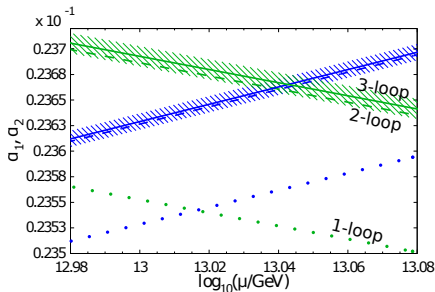
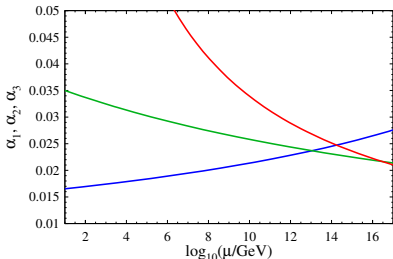
[Georg Weiglein,](#) and [Stefan Dittmaier.](#) In: *Nucl.Phys.* B440 (1995)

Our work is generalization for several gauge couplings of this:

[A.G.M. Pickering,](#) [J.A. Gracey,](#) and [D.R.T. Jones.](#) In: *Phys.Lett.* B510 (2001)

## Gauge couplings. Results

- Unification scale moves to higher energies
- Three-loop result is enough



$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_s$

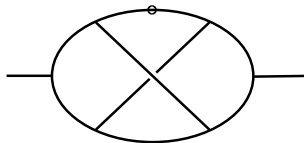
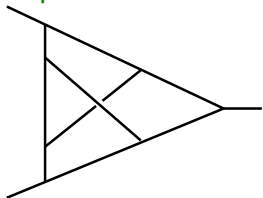
**Results for gauge couplings beta-functions, and fields anomalous dimensions in computer readable form:**

<http://arxiv.org/src/1210.6873/anc>

## Yukawa couplings. One more leg

In  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  scheme is no dependence on internal masses and distribution of external momentum

Sample Yukawa vertex 3-loop diagram. Higgs leg nullified



MINCER topology **NO**

Problem:

**Problem: Naive nullification is dangerous: spurious IR-poles**

- In general asymptotic expansion in external momentum needed

**But:** for  $\overline{f}fH$ -vertex it's not needed

## Yukawa couplings. Results

$$\beta_t^{(3)} \simeq \boxed{1.51y_t^3 - 0.63a_s y_t^2 + 0.22a_s^2 y_t} \quad \boxed{+0.07y_t^2 \lambda - 0.06a_s^3}$$

*Already known result*

## Yukawa couplings. Results

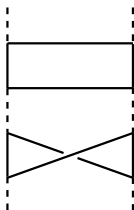
$$\beta_t^{(3)} \simeq \boxed{1.51y_t^3 - 0.63a_s y_t^2 + 0.22a_s^2 y_t} - 0.11a_2 y_t^2 \boxed{+0.07y_t^2 \lambda - 0.06a_s^3}$$
$$\beta_b^{(3)} \simeq 1.34y_t^3 - 0.19a_s^2 y_t - 0.09a_s^3 - 0.06a_2 y_t^2 - 0.04a_2 a_s y_t + 0.03a_s y_t^2$$
$$\beta_\tau^{(3)} \simeq 1.19y_t^3 - 0.24a_s y_t^2 + 0.09a_s^2 y_t - 0.04a_2 y_t^2 - 0.01y_t^2 \lambda$$

**Full results for Yukawa couplings beta-functions, in computer readable form:** <http://arxiv.org/src/1212.6829/anc>

# Higgs self-coupling at three loops

## Problem:

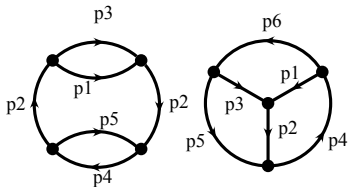
- Diagrams with four legs
- We cannot safely nullify two of them



## Possible solutions:

1. Repeat asymptotic expansion in external momentum twice
2. Nullify one momentum, but reduce problem to calculation of three-loop IR-safe vertex integrals.
3. **mass as IR-regulator**

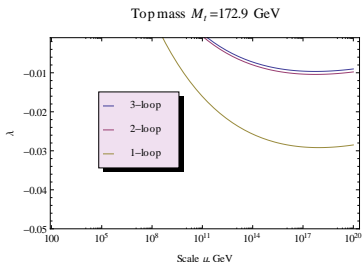
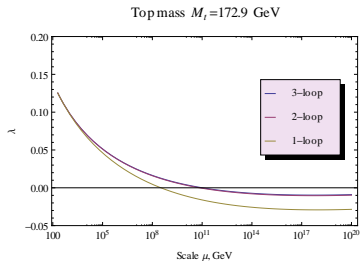
- Remove all legs
- Artificial mass for all propagators.
- Fully massive bubble integrals are known.





# Higgs self-coupling. Three-loop result

Sign of  $\lambda$  - as a test of vacuum stability



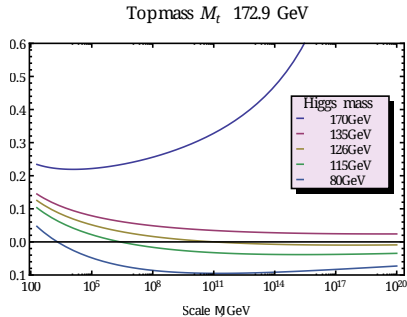
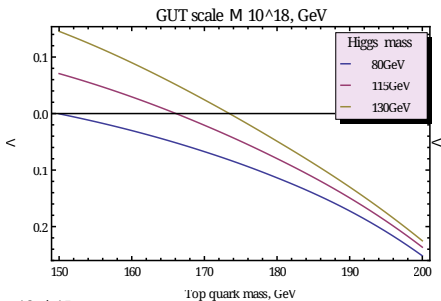
- Three-loop result is enough for precision
- Main uncertainty from  $m_t$  and  $m_H$

**Full results for Higgs self-coupling and mass parameter beta-functions, in computer readable form:**

<http://arxiv.org/src/1303.4364/anc>

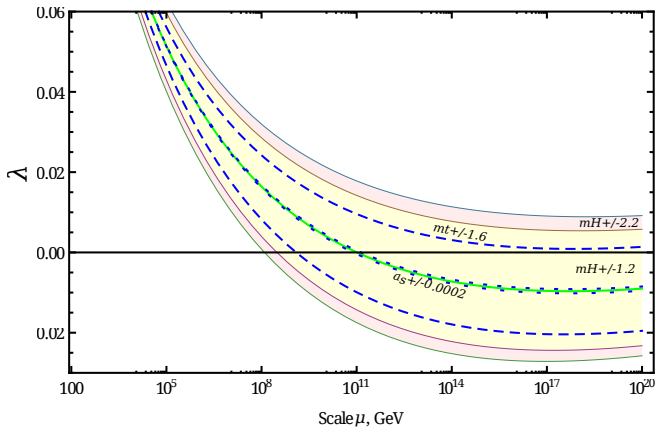
# Standard Model stability investigation with $\beta_\lambda$

- $\lambda < 0$  if  $M_h < 111\text{GeV}$  is a strong evidence for new physics, but excluded in direct measurements
- Metastable region coincides with measured  $m_t$  and  $m_H$ ,  $\lambda 0$   
SM asymptotically free?
- Landau-pole is higher than Planck-scale,  $\Lambda > M_{PL}$ , SM is valid effective theory from Fermi to Planck scales



# Strong dependence on SM parameters deviations

Higgs mass  $M_h$  126 GeV



dotted:  $\alpha_s \pm 0.0002$  dashed:  $m_t = 172.9 \pm 1.6 \text{ GeV}$ ,  
filled regions:  $m_H = 126 \pm 1.2 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m_H \pm 2.2 \text{ GeV}$

# Conclusion

1. Gauge couplings beta-functions in SM are calculated - independent check
2. Yukawa couplings beta-functions - new result
3. Higgs self-coupling and mass parameter beta-functions
4. Set of programs for calculations in more complicated models.
5. **High precision available in calculations, but comparable precision in  $m_t$  and  $m_H$  determination needed from experiment**